

# PC3SD21NTZ Series

\*Non-zero cross type is also available. (PC3SD11NTZ Series)

**VDRM: 600V** Zero cross type **DIP 6pin** Phototriac Coupler for triggering



# Description

PC3SD21NTZ Series Phototriac Coupler include an infrared emitting diode (IRED) optically coupled to an output Phototriac.

These devices feature full wave control and are ideal isolated drivers for medium to high current Triacs.

DIP package provides 5.0kV isolation from input to output with superior commutative noise immunity.

#### Features

- 1. High repetitive peak off-state voltage (V<sub>DRM</sub> : 600V)
- 2. Zero crossing functionality (V<sub>OX</sub> : MAX. 20V)
- 3. IFT ranks available (see Model Line-up section in this datasheet)
- 4. 6 pin DIP package
- 5. Superior noise immunity (dV/dt : MIN. 1 000V/µs)
- 6. Double transfer mold construction (Ideal for Flow Soldering)
- 7. High isolation voltage between input and output  $(V_{iso}(rms): 5.0kV)$

#### Agency approvals/Compliance

- 1. Recognized by UL1577 (Double protection isolation), file No. E64380 (as model No. 3SD21)
- 2. Approved by CSA, file No. CA95323 (as model No. 3SD21)
- 3. Optionary available VDE Approved (\*)(DIN EN 60747-5-2), file No. 4008189 (as model No. 3SD21)
- 4. Package resin : UL flammability grade (94V-0)
  - (\*) DIN EN60747-5-2 : succesor standard of DIN VDE0884. Up to Date code "RD" (December 2003), approval of DIN VDF0884 From Date code "S1" (January 2004), approval of DIN EN60747-5-2.
  - (\*\*) Reinforced insulation type is also available. (PC3SF21YVZ Series)

#### Applications

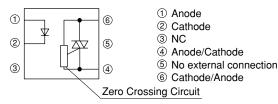
- 1. Triggering for Triacs used to switch on and off devices which require AC Loads. For example heaters, fans, motors, solenoids, and valves.
- 2. AC line control in power supply applications.

Notice The content of data sheet is subject to change without prior notice

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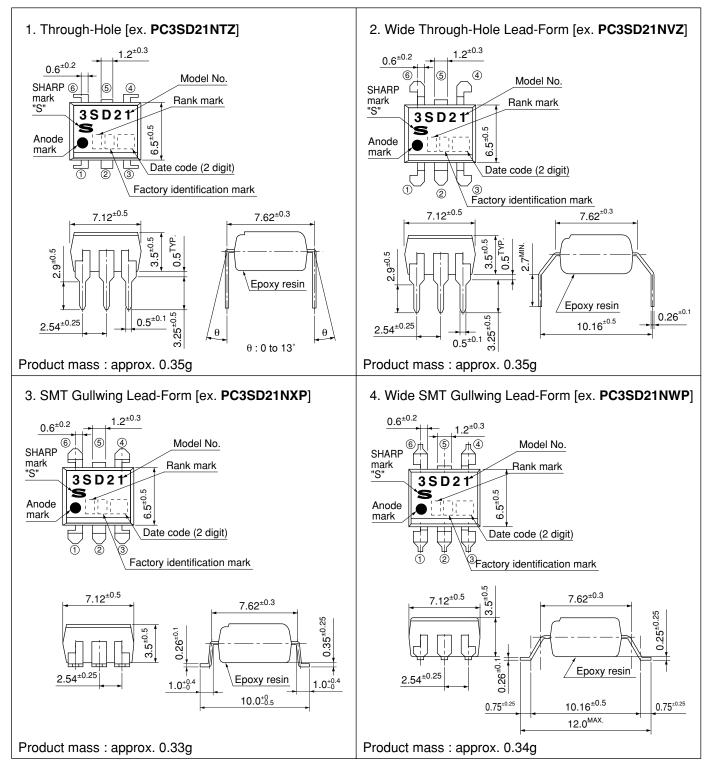


### Internal Connection Diagram



#### Outline Dimensions

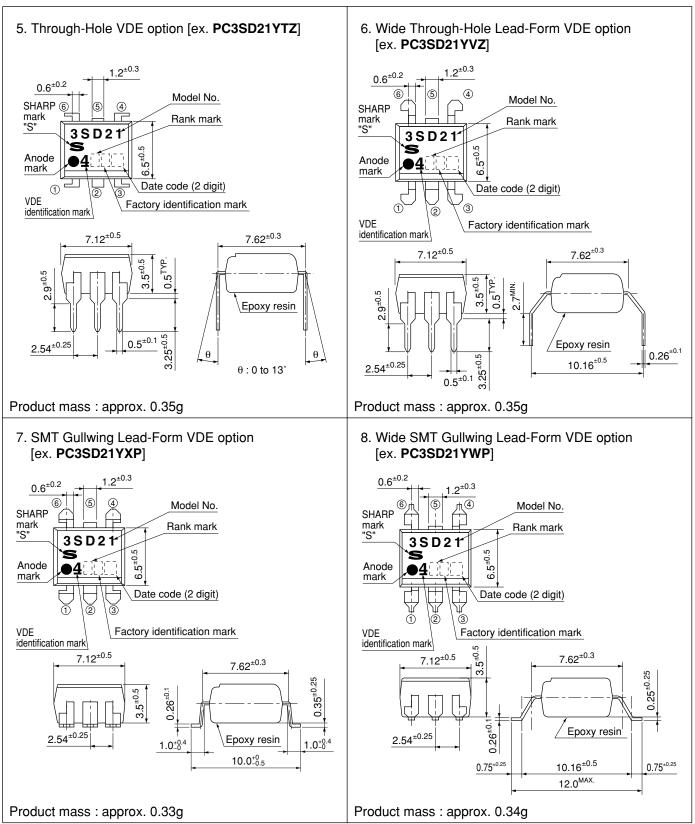
(Unit : mm)





# Outline Dimensions





\*Pin 5 is not allowed external connection



# Date code (2 digit)

	1st o	digit		2nd digit		
	Year of p	roduction		Month of	production	
A.D.	Mark	A.D	Mark	Month	Mark	
1990	A	2002	Р	January	1	
1991	В	2003	R	February	2	
1992	C	2004	S	March	3	
1993	D	2005	Т	April	4	
1994	Е	2006	U	May	5	
1995	F	2007	V	June	6	
1996	Н	2008	W	July	7	
1997	J	2009	Х	August	8	
1998	K	2010	А	September	9	
1999	L	2011	В	October	0	
2000	М	2012	С	November	N	
2001	N		:	December	D	

repeats in a 20 year cycle

# Factory identification mark

Factory identification Mark	Country of origin
no mark	I
	Japan
	Indonesia
$\bigtriangledown$	Philippines
	China

\* This factory marking is for identification purpose only.

Please contact the local SHARP sales representative to see the actural status of the production.

# Rank mark

Refer to the Model Line-up table

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Abs	■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (T <sub>a</sub> =25°C							
	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit				
Innut	Forward current	$I_F$	50	mA				
Input	Reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	6	V				
	RMS ON-state current	I <sub>T</sub> (rms)	0.1	А				
Output	Peak one cycle surge current	I <sub>surge</sub>	1.2 *3	А				
	Repetitive peak OFF-state voltage	V <sub>DRM</sub>	600	V				
<sup>*1</sup> Isolatic	on voltage	V <sub>iso</sub> (rms)	5.0	kV				
	ing temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-30 to +100	°C				
Storage	e temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +125	°C				
*2Solderi	ng temperature	T <sub>sol</sub>	$270^{*4}$	°C				

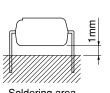
\*1 40 to 60%RH, AC for 1minute, f=60Hz \*2 For 10s

\*3 f=50Hz sine wave

\*4 Lead solder plating models: 260°C

# Electro-optical Characteristics

Electro-optical Characteristics $(T_a=25^{\circ}C)$								
	Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
T	Forward voltage		V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
Input	Reverse current		IR	V <sub>R</sub> =3V	-	-	10	μΑ
	Repentitive peak OFF-state of	current	I <sub>DRM</sub>	$V_D = V_{DRM}$	-	-	1	μΑ
	ON-state voltage		VT	I <sub>T</sub> =0.1A	-	-	2.5	V
	Holding current   Output Critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage		I <sub>H</sub>	V <sub>D</sub> =4V	0.1	-	3.5	mA
Output			dV/dt	$V_D=1/\sqrt{2} \cdot V_{DRM}$	1 000	2 000	_	V/µs
		Rank B	Vox	I <sub>F</sub> =15mA, Resistance load		_	20	
	Zero cross voltage	Rank C		I <sub>F</sub> =8mA, Resistance load	-			V
		Rank D						
		Rank B			-	-	7	
Transfer	Minimum trigger current	Rank C	$I_{FT}$	$V_D=4V, R_L=100\Omega$	-	-	5	mA
charac-		Rank D			-	-	3	
teristics	Isolation resistance		R <sub>ISO</sub>	DC500V,40 to 60%RH	5×10 <sup>10</sup>	1011	-	Ω
	Turn-on time		t <sub>on</sub>	$V_D=4V, R_L=100\Omega, I_F=20mA$	_	_	50	μs



Soldering area



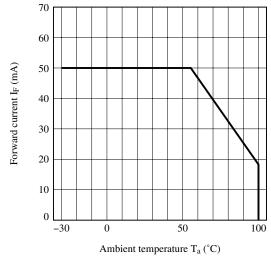
### ■ Model Line-up

Lead Form	Throug	gh-Hole	SMT GL	Illwing	Wide Thr	ough-Hole			
			SI	eeve				I <sub>FT</sub> [mA]	
Shipping Packag	je	50pcs/sleeve						$(V_D = 4V)$	
DIN		Approved		Approved		Approved	R <sub>L</sub> =10		
EN60747-5-2		Approved		Approved		Approved			
	PC3SD21NTZBF	PC3SD21YTZBF	PC3SD21NXZBF	PC3SD21YXZBF	PC3SD21NVZBF	PC3SD21YVZBF	В	MAX.7	
Model No.	PC3SD21NTZCF	PC3SD21YTZCF	PC3SD21NXZCF	PC3SD21YXZCF	PC3SD21NVZCF	PC3SD21YVZCF	С	MAX.5	
	PC3SD21NTZDF	PC3SD21YTZDF	PC3SD21NXZDF	PC3SD21YXZDF	PC3SD21NVZDF	PC3SD21YVZDF	D	MAX.3	

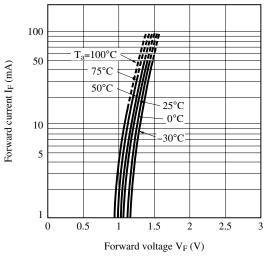
Lead Form	Wide SMT	Gullwing	SMT Gu	Illwing	Wide SMT	Gullwing		
		eeve		Та	ping	ng		I <sub>FT</sub> [mA]
Shipping Package 50pcs/sleeve				1 000	Rank mark	$(V_D = 4V)$		
DIN EN60747-5-2		Approved		Approved		Approved		$R_{L}=100\Omega$ )
	PC3SD21NWZBF	PC3SD21YWZBF	PC3SD21NXPBF	PC3SD21YXPBF	PC3SD21NWPBF	PC3SD21YWPBF	В	MAX. 7
Model No.	PC3SD21NWZCF	PC3SD21YWZCF	PC3SD21NXPCF	PC3SD21YXPCF	PC3SD21NWPCF	PC3SD21YWPCF	С	MAX.5
	PC3SD21NWZDF	PC3SD21YWZDF	PC3SD21NXPDF	PC3SD21YXPDF	PC3SD21NWPDF	PC3SD21YWPDF	D	MAX.3

Please contact a local SHARP sales representative to inquire about production status.

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature









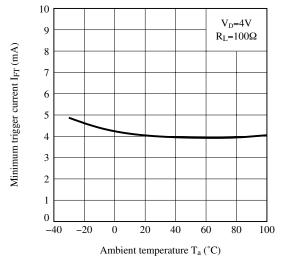


Fig.2 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

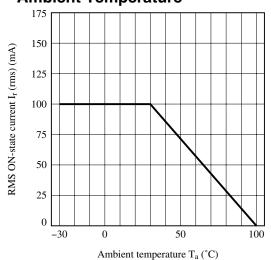


Fig.3-b Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage (Rank C, Rank D)

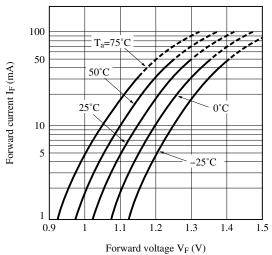
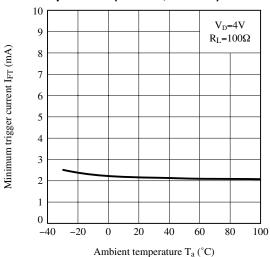
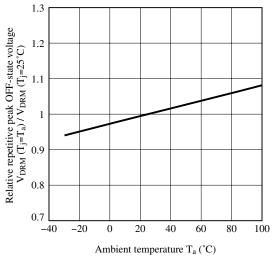


Fig.4-b Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature (Rank C, Rank D)

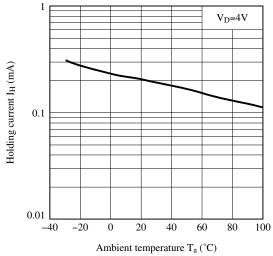


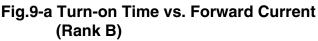


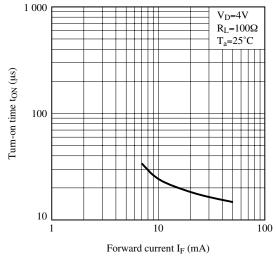
# Fig.5 Relative Repetitive Peak OFF-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



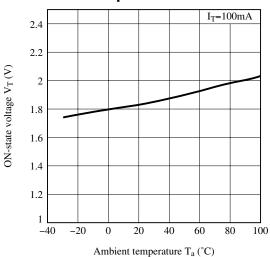








#### Fig.6 ON-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



# Fig.8 Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

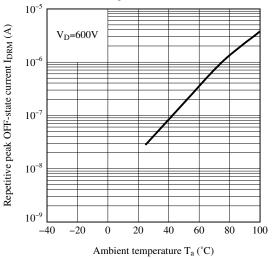


Fig.9-b Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current (Rank C, Rank D)

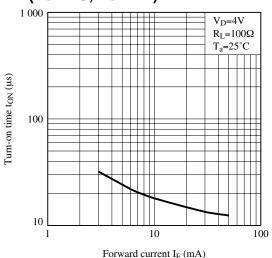
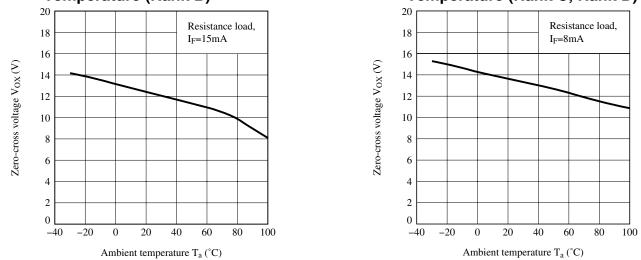
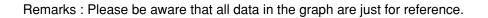




Fig.10-a Zero-cross Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (Rank B)





# Fig.10-b Zero-cross Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (Rank C, Rank D)



#### Design Considerations

#### Design guide

In order for the Phototriac to turn off, the triggering current ( $I_F$ ) must be 0.1mA or less.

Please refrain from using these devices in a direct drive configuration. These Phototriac Coupler are intended to be used as triggering device for main Triacs. Please ensure that the output rating of these devices will be sufficient for triggering the main output Triac of your choice. Failure to do may result in malfunctions.

For applications with inductive loads such as motors, please use caution in utilizing a zero crossing type Phototraiac Coupler as this may cause undesired operations due to the phase difference between voltage and current of load.

For designs that will experience excessive noise or sudden changes in load voltage, please include an appropriate snubber circuit as shown in the below circuit. Please keep in mind the Sharp Phototriac Coupler incorporate superrior dV/dt ratings which can eliminate the need for a snubber circuit.

For over voltage protection, a Varistor may be used.

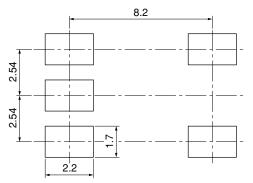
#### Degradation

In general, the emission of the IRED used in Phototriac Couplers will degrade over time. In the case where long term operation and / or constant extreme temperature fluctuations will be applied to the devices, please allow for a worst case scenario of 50% degradation over 5years.

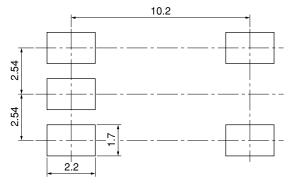
Therefore in order to maintain proper operation, a design implementing these Phototriac Couplers should provide at least twice the minimum required triggering current from initial operation.

#### • Recommended Foot Print (reference)

SMT Gullwing Lead-form



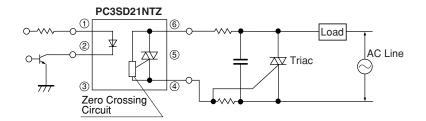
### Wide SMT Gullwing Lead-form



(Unit : mm)



## • Standard Circuit (Medium/High Power Triac Drive Circuit)



Note) Please add the snubber circuit according to a condition. Any snubber or varistor used for the above mentioned scenarios should be located as close to the main output triac as possible.

☆ For additional design assistance, please review our corresponding Optoelectronic Application Notes.

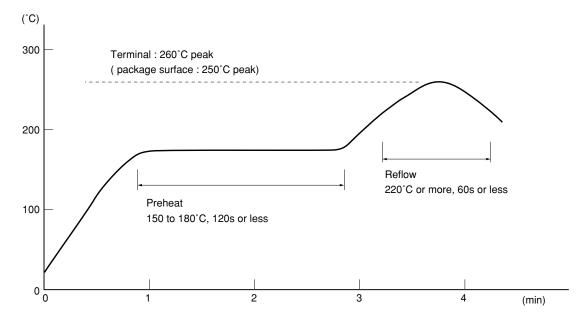


#### Manufacturing Guidelines

#### Soldering Method

**Reflow Soldering:** 

Reflow soldering should follow the temperature profile shown below. Soldering should not exceed the curve of temperature profile and time. Please don't solder more than twice.



#### Flow Soldering :

Due to SHARP's double transfer mold construction submersion in flow solder bath is allowed under the below listed guidelines.

Flow soldering should be completed below 270°C and within 10s. Preheating is within the bounds of 100 to 150°C and 30 to 80s. Please don't solder more than twice.

#### Hand soldering

Hand soldering should be completed within 3s when the point of solder iron is below 400°C. Please don't solder more than twice.

#### Other notices

Please test the soldering method in actual condition and make sure the soldering works fine, since the impact on the junction between the device and PCB varies depending on the tooling and soldering conditions.



#### • Cleaning instructions

Solvent cleaning :

Solvent temperature should be 45°C or below. Immersion time should be 3minutes or less.

#### Ultrasonic cleaning :

The impact on the device varies depending on the size of the cleaning bath, ultrasonic output, cleaning time, size of PCB and mounting method of the device.

Therefore, please make sure the device withstands the ultrasonic cleaning in actual conditions in advance of mass production.

#### Recommended solvent materials :

Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol and Isopropyl alcohol.

In case the other type of solvent materials are intended to be used, please make sure they work fine in actual using conditions since some materials may erode the packaging resin.

#### Presence of ODC

This product shall not contain the following materials.

And they are not used in the production process for this device.

Regulation substances : CFCs, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform) Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBBOs and PBBs are not used in this product at all.



#### Package specification

#### • Sleeve package

#### 1. Through-Hole or SMT Gullwing

Package materials

Sleeve : HIPS (with anti-static material) Stopper : Styrene-Elastomer

#### Package method

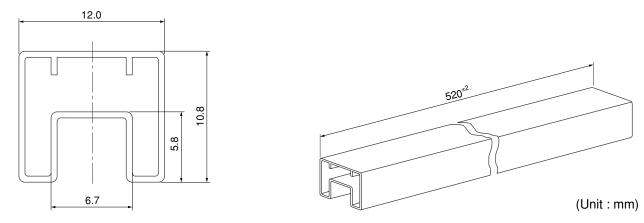
MAX. 50pcs of products shall be packaged in a sleeve.

Both ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.

The product shall be arranged in the sleeve with its anode mark on the tabless stopper side.

MAX. 20 sleeves in one case.

#### Sleeve outline dimensions



# 2. Wide Through-Hole or Wide SMT Gullwing

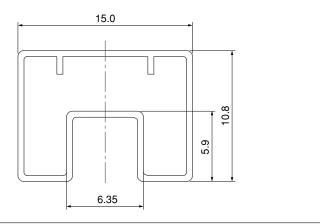
Package materials

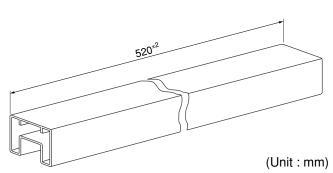
Sleeve : HIPS (with anti-static material) Stopper : Styrene-Elastomer

#### Package method

MAX. 50pcs of products shall be packaged in a sleeve.Both ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.The product shall be arranged in the sleeve with its anode mark on the tabless stopper side.MAX. 20 sleeves in one case.

#### Sleeve outline dimensions



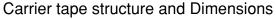


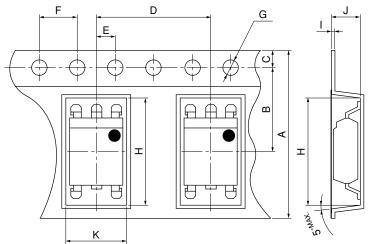


• Tape and Reel package

# 1. SMT Gullwing

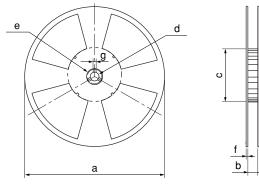
Package materials Carrier tape : A-PET (with anti-static material) Cover tape : PET (three layer system) Reel : PS





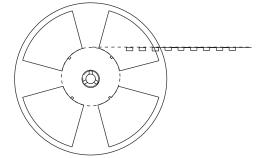
Dimensions List						
В	C	D	E	F	G	
$7.5^{\pm0.1}$	$1.75^{\pm 0.1}$	12.0 <sup>±0.1</sup>	2.0 <sup>±0.1</sup>	$4.0^{\pm 0.1}$	φ1.5 <sup>+0.1</sup>	
Ι	J	K				
$0.4^{\pm 0.05}$	$4.2^{\pm 0.1}$	$7.8^{\pm0.1}$				
	В 7.5 <sup>±0.1</sup> І	B C   7.5 <sup>±0.1</sup> 1.75 <sup>±0.1</sup> I J	$\begin{array}{c ccc} B & C & D \\ \hline 7.5^{\pm 0.1} & 1.75^{\pm 0.1} & 12.0^{\pm 0.1} \\ I & J & K \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	

#### Reel structure and Dimensions

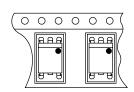


Di	mensio	ns List	(Unit : mm)			
	а	b	с	d		
	330	$17.5^{\pm 1.5}$	100 <sup>±1.0</sup>	13 <sup>±0.5</sup>		
	e	f	g			
	23 <sup>±1.0</sup>	$2.0^{\pm 0.5}$	2.0 <sup>±0.5</sup>			

# Direction of product insertion



Pull-out direction



[Packing : 1 000pcs/reel]

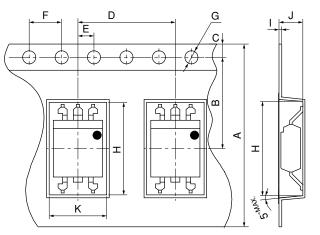


# 2. Wide SMT Gullwing

Package materials

Carrier tape : A-PET (with anti-static material) Cover tape : PET (three layer system) Reel : PS

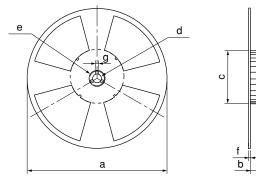
Carrier tape structure and Dimensions



1.1		
I Init	•	mm
Unit		mm)

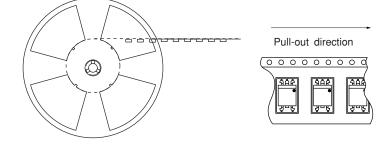
Dimensions List (Unit :						
А	В	C	D	Е	F	G
24.0 <sup>±0.3</sup>	$11.5^{\pm 0.1}$	$1.75^{\pm 0.1}$	$12.0^{\pm0.1}$	$2.0^{\pm 0.1}$	$4.0^{\pm 0.1}$	φ1.5 <sup>+0.1</sup>
Н	Ι	J	K			
$12.2^{\pm 0.1}$	$0.4^{\pm 0.05}$	$4.15^{\pm 0.1}$	$7.6^{\pm 0.1}$			

Reel structure and Dimensions



Dimensio	ons List	(Unit : mm)			
а	b	с	d		
330	25.5 <sup>±1.5</sup>	100 <sup>±1.0</sup>	13 <sup>±0.5</sup>		
e	f	g			
23 <sup>±1.0</sup>	$2.0^{\pm 0.5}$	2.0 <sup>±0.5</sup>			

Direction of product insertion



[Packing: 1 000pcs/reel]

# SHARP

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- --- Personal computers
- --- Office automation equipment
- --- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
- --- Test and measurement equipment
- --- Industrial control
- --- Audio visual equipment
- --- Consumer electronics

(ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:

- --- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- --- Traffic signals
- --- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- --- Alarm equipment
- --- Various safety devices, etc.

(iii) SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:

- --- Space applications
- --- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
- --- Nuclear power control equipment
- --- Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).

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